

Info 3370 / 5371: Studying Social Inequality with Data Science. Spring 2023
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Course Staff

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Office Hours

W 2-3pm, Gates 223

PhD TA

Federica Bologna, fb265@cornell.edu, federicabologna.github.io

F 1:30-2:30pm, Rhodes 406

Undergraduate TAs

Elizabeth Moon, em652@cornell.edu

M 1:00–2:00pm, Rhodes 406

Chase Young, cy448@cornell.edu

M 4:30–5:30pm, Rhodes 406

Amaan Rehan, ar986@cornell.edu

T 3:30–4:30pm, Rhodes 406

Abby Sachar, ahs265@cornell.edu

T 4:30–5:30pm, Rhodes 406

Shirley Zhang, xz499@cornell.edu

Th 4:30–5:30pm, Rhodes 406

Where to send questions. Please post questions on [Ed Discussion](#) (accessible through Canvas). This includes substantive questions about the material as well as administrative questions about the course. You will get a faster answer because all of the course staff and your peers are on Ed. When possible, use Ed rather than email!

Credits

3.0 Credits, Student Option Grading (Letter, S/U)

Time and Location

MWF 11:20–12:10, 42 total meetings

Phillips 203

Course description. Inequality is high in American society. Income and wealth are concentrated in far fewer hands than in other industrialized countries. Labor market outcomes are patterned by disparities across lines of race, gender, and class. This course will introduce social science theories about the origins of inequality, emphasizing how inequality is transmitted over time and across generations. Building on these theories, students will deploy tools for data science to visualize inequality, understand inequality, and evaluate hypothetical policy interventions that might reduce inequality. We will use the R programming language. A theme of the course is that applied work in this area can give rise to new data science tools, which may help solve some of society’s most pressing challenges.

Course objectives. As a result of participating in this course, students will be able to

- visualize economic inequality with graphs that summarize survey data
- connect theories about inequality to quantitative empirical evidence
- evaluate the effects of hypothetical interventions to reduce inequality
- conduct data analysis using the R programming language

Who should take this course? The course is designed for upper-division undergraduate students. Master’s students may enroll. If you would like to better understand inequality by using the tools of data science, this course is for you.

Prerequisites. Students are expected to have basic familiarity with introductory statistics (e.g., regression, confidence intervals) and experience with some statistical programming language (e.g., INFO 2950, SOC 3010, PAM 2101). Programming in the course will be in R, but knowledge specific to R is not a prerequisite. R will be taught as part of the course.

Instructional format. Active learning combining lecture, discussion, and in-class analysis of quantitative data.

Course readings. Readings involve (1) a free textbook about using R for data science, (2) research papers applying statistical and data science methods to study inequality, and (3) research papers taking a causal perspective to study interventions to reduce inequality. The full semester of readings is yet to be determined, but a few examples include:

- Resources for data science
 - Wickham, H., Golemund, G. (2016). *R for data science: Import, tidy, transform, visualize, and model data*. O’Reilly Media, Inc.
- Studies on inequality and poverty
 - Chetty, R., Hendren, N., Kline, P., Saez, E., Turner, N. (2014). Is the United States still a land of opportunity? Recent trends in intergenerational mobility. *American Economic Review*, 104(5), 141-47.
 - Brady, D. (2019). Theories of the Causes of Poverty. *Annual Review of Sociology*, 45, 155-175.
- Studies using causal inference to find interventions to reduce inequality
 - Brand, J. E., & Xie, Y. (2010). Who benefits most from college? Evidence for negative selection in heterogeneous economic returns to higher education. *American Sociological Review*, 75(2), 273-302.

Typesetting. Problem sets will be typeset using RMarkdown, which is a language that easily embeds code and results in a single reproducible document. RMarkdown will be taught.

Method of assessing student achievement. Grades will be determined by:

Problem sets	50%
Class participation	20%
Peer grading	10%
Final project presentation (10 minutes)	10%
Final project write-up (1000 words)	10%

For details, see [Assignments](#).

Grading scale. Course grades will be assigned on the following scale:

		$87\% \leq x < 90\%$	B+	$77\% \leq x < 80\%$	C+	$67\% \leq x < 70\%$	D+
$93\% \leq x \leq 100\%$	A	$83\% \leq x < 87\%$	B	$73\% \leq x < 77\%$	C	$63\% \leq x < 67\%$	D
$90\% \leq x < 93\%$	A-	$80\% \leq x < 83\%$	B-	$70\% \leq x < 73\%$	C-	$60\% \leq x < 63\%$	D-
						$0\% \leq x < 60\%$	F

Assignments

Problem sets. Students will complete four problem sets on their own which apply the data analysis ideas carried out in groups during the class session. Problem sets will involve a combination of data analysis, visualization of results, and written summaries.

Each problem set will contain a bonus challenge question.

- The bonus question is optional for undergraduate students. There is no extra credit for completing it.
- The bonus question is required for master’s students.

Class participation. This class is interactive and participatory. Participation grades will be determined by attendance, participation in class, and engagement with in-class group work.

Peer grading. A principle on which this course is built is that you will offer feedback to one another. Following this principle, after each problem set is submitted you will be assigned to anonymously grade the problem sets of two peers in Canvas. You will assign points using a rubric and offer constructive comments.

Final project. There will also a group research project at the end of the semester, involving original analysis of data to answer a question of your choosing. This project will involve:

- A 10-minute presentation to 2-3 other groups and one TA
- A writeup of the results containing
 - For undergraduates: Up to 1,000 words containing at least 1 visualization
 - For master’s students: Up to 2,000 words containing at least 3 visualizations
- A reproducible package of code that produces all results

Course Management

Academic integrity. Each student in this course is expected to abide by the [Cornell University Code of Academic Integrity](#). Any work submitted by a student in this course for academic credit must be the student’s own work.

Late work. Late work will be accepted only under exceptional circumstances. Talk to me if needed.

Attendance. Group exercises and discussion during class are essential to this interactive course. For this reason, attendance in class is expected and will count toward the class participation grade. However, public health is also of paramount importance. If you are feeling unwell, please stay home from class and send me an email to let me know, and your absence will be excused.

Students with disabilities.¹ Your access in this course is important to me. Please request your accommodation letter early in the semester, or as soon as you become registered with Student Disability Services (SDS), so that we have adequate time to arrange your approved academic accommodations.

- Once SDS approves your accommodation letter, it will be emailed to both you and me. Please follow up with me to discuss the necessary logistics of your accommodations.
- If you experience any access barriers in this course, such as with printed content, graphics, online materials, or any communication barriers; reach out to me or SDS right away.
- If you need an immediate accommodation, please speak with me after class or send an email message to me and to SDS at sds_cu@cornell.edu.
- If you have, or think you may have a disability, please contact Student Disability Services for a confidential discussion: sds_cu@cornell.edu, 607-254-4545, sds.cornell.edu.

Mental health and wellbeing. Your health and wellbeing are important to me. There are services and resources at Cornell designed specifically to bolster undergraduate, graduate, and professional student mental health and well-being. Remember, your mental health and emotional well-being are just as important as your physical health. If you or a friend are struggling emotionally or feeling stressed, fatigued, or burned out, there is a continuum of campus resources available to you: mentalhealth.cornell.edu/get-support/support-students. Help is also available any time day or night through Cornell’s 24/7 phone consultation (607-255-5155). You can also reach out to me, your college student services office, your resident advisor, or Cornell Health for support.

¹This statement is based on [guidelines](#) from Student Disability Services.